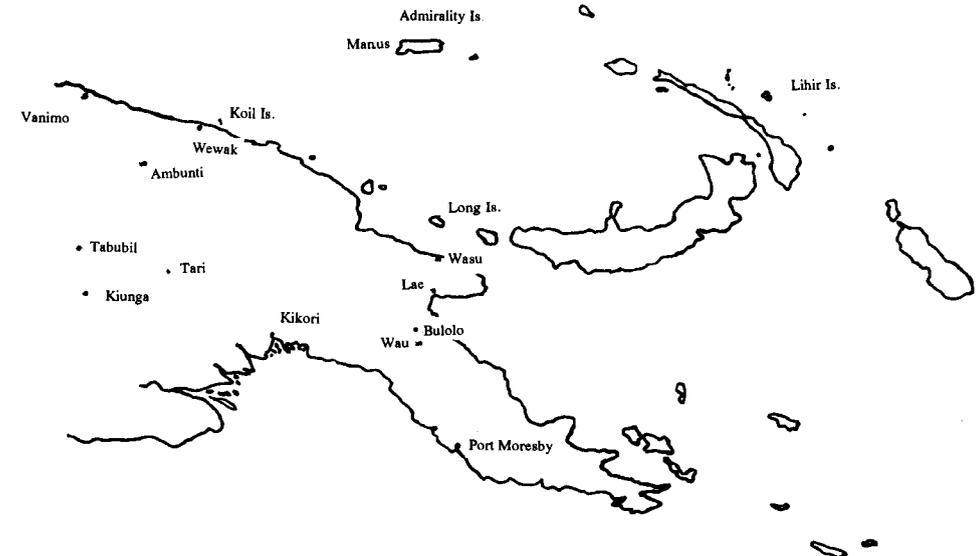


**Grey-streaked Flycatcher *Muscicapa griseisticta* at Ok Menga, Western Province.** Phil Gregory. On 3 November 1992 Greg Johnston, Steve Richards and I were collecting frogs at Ok Menga 12 km southwest of Tabubil. I found a *Muscicapa* flycatcher perched on a dead tree, and subsequent views showed it to be a Grey-streaked Flycatcher *M. griseisticta*. The bird resembled a Spotted Flycatcher *M. striata*, but had rather heavy dark streaks on pale underparts, a pale belly and brown upperparts, with a pale wing-bar formed by the margins of the greater coverts. The streaking was too heavy for Spotted Flycatcher, and the only species on the PNG list that fits this description is Grey-streaked Flycatcher. Coates (1990, Birds of Papua New Guinea, Volume II) lists just the previous PNG records from near Vanimo and at Telefomin, the latter record fairly close to Ok Menga but north of the main watershed. Conceivably this species is more frequent than these records suggest, given the paucity of observers in western PNG. A second sighting was made near the same site on 22 Nov 1992. Address: PO Box 69, Tabubil, Western Province.

**Night-time feeding of Blue-winged Kookaburras *Dacelo leachii*.** Leonard P. Tolhurst. While looking for owls and other nocturnal birds at the Pacific Adventist College, N.C.D., Blue-winged Kookaburras have at times been disturbed by the approach of our vehicle, so it was known that they were active at night. They have also often been seen perched in a favorite roosting tree at night. However, from 10-13 June 1990, two birds were seen perched on fence posts (not a night-time roosting site!) near the bright security floodlights. One of the birds was seen to fly into a floodlit area, catch a flying insect and return to its fence post perch. This is the first time I have observed this species feeding at night. Address: Pacific Adventist College, Private Mail Bag, Boroko, PNG.

**Thick-billed Ground-Pigeon *Trugon terrestris* in Varirata National Park.** Héctor Gómez de Silva Garza. On 26 July 1992 in the forest near the Gare's Lookout trail. Noam Shany and I were watching a mixed flock which included a pair of Buff-faced Pygmy Parrots *Micropsitta pusio*, Chestnut-bellied Fantails *Rhipidura hyperythra*, Frilled Monarchs *Arses telescopthalmus*, Spot-winged Monarchs *Monarcha guttula*, Black-faced Monarchs *M. melanopus*, Black-winged Monarchs *M. frater*, and Fairy Gerygones *Gerygone palpebrosa*, when a Thick-billed Ground-Pigeon crossed the trail only 3 or 4 metres in front of us. We had good looks at it as it then walked in a 100 degree arc around us - often unconcealed by vegetation - before it disappeared into the forest following the flock. It was a quite unmistakable bird, a large pigeon with a proportionally large, mostly white beak, and a very conspicuous white throat and "sideburns". What I didn't expect, as it isn't shown in the field guide (Beehler *et al.* 1986), is that a few scattered feathers of the grey wing coverts shine purple at times. There is a record by Bret Whitney (pers comm) but only one other record, on 16 Aug 1990, incorrectly listed as *Gallucolumba salamonsis* and without a description in Muruk 5 p. 147 (1992). Ed.] Address: Xola 314-E, 03100, México, D.F., Mexico.



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